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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/043,803	01/10/2002	Richard Clewer	PD-201003	9080
7590 10/03/2005		EXAMINER		
Hughes Electronics Corporation			FLANAGAN, KRISTA M	
Patent Docket A	Administration			
Bldg. 1, Mail St	op A109		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
P.O. Box 956	-		2817	
El Segundo, CA	A 90245-0956		DATE MAILED: 10/03/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			<u>4H.</u>
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/043,803	CLEWER ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Krista M. Flanagan	2817	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REI WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the may earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a re- tiod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON tute, cause the application to become AB	CATION.  apply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 15	5 July 2005.		
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ T	his action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	wance except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex par</i> te Quayle, 1935 C.D	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the applicati	on.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	Irawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		•	
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a	accepted or b)  □ objected to I	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to t	*	···	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr		, , ,	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form P10-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	ign priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received in A	pplication No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the p	•	received in this National Stage	
application from the International Bur			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a l	ist of the certified copies not	received.	
Attachment(s)	_		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)    Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		ummary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date		nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Claim Objections

1. In view of the amendment filed on 15 July 2005 the Examiner withdraws all claim objections from the previous Office Action.

# Response to Arguments

2. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 6-10 and 16-20 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Rejection with respect to claims 1-5 and 11-15 stands.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 1-5 and 11-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by US Patent No. 6,055,280 to Genrich.
- 5. Regarding claim 1, Genrich discloses a demodulator for use in a satellite communication system (See column 2, lines 1-5), said demodulator operative for receiving a modulated signal having a data rate R, said modulated signal comprising retrievable data (See column 2, lines 1-4), said demodulator comprising: means for partitioning said modulated signal into N data channels, each of said data channels having a data rate equal to R/N (See column 2, lines 30-32; column 7, lines 1-4 and figure 1, block 14); and means for processing the modulated signal contained in

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each of said N data channels at a data rate of R/N, said means for processing operative for regenerating and outputting said retrievable data (See figure 2).

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- 6. Regarding claim 2, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 1, Genrich discloses a demodulator, wherein said means for partitioning said modulated signal into N data channels comprises a demultiplexer, said demultiplexer operative for receiving samples of said modulated signal at a data rate R samples per second, and for outputting one of said received samples to one of said data channels at a divided data rate, claimed R/N, samples per second (See column 2, lines 30-32; column 7, lines 1-4 and figure 1, block 14).
- 7. Regarding claim 3, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 2, Genrich discloses a demodulator, wherein said demultiplexer operates to output one of said received samples to each of said data channels at a divided data rate, claimed R/N, samples per second (See column 2, lines 30-32; column 7, lines 1-4 and figure 1, block 14).
- 8. Regarding claim 4, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 1, Genrich discloses a demodulator, wherein said means for partitioning said modulated signal into N data channels generates a clock signal having a divided rate, claimed of R/N, said clock signal be coupled to and utilized to clock the means for processing the modulated signal (See figure 1, block 14 and figure 2, block 21).
- 9. Regarding claim 5, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 1, Genrich discloses a demodulator, wherein said modulated signal is generated utilizing QPSK modulation (See column 2, lines 24-25).
- 10. Regarding claim 11, Genrich discloses a method of demodulating an incoming modulation signal for use in a satellite communication system (See column 2, lines 1-5), said

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column 7, lines 1-4).

incoming modulation signal having a data rate R, said modulation signal comprising retrievable data, said method comprising the steps of: partitioning said modulation signal into N data channels, each of said data channels having a data rate equal to R/N (See column 2, lines 30-32

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and column 7, lines 1-4); processing the modulation signal contained in each of said N data

channels at a divided data rate, claimed R/N, so as to regenerate said retrievable data (See figure

2, block 21); and outputting said retrievable data (See figure 2, data output).

11. Regarding claim 12, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 11, Genrich discloses a method of demodulating, wherein said step of partitioning said modulation signal into N data channels further comprises the step of outputting one of said received samples to one of said data channels at a divided data rate, claimed R/N, samples per second (See column 2, lines 30-32 and

- 12. Regarding claim 13, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 11, Genrich discloses a method of demodulating, wherein said step of partitioning said modulation signal into N data channels further comprises the step of outputting one of said received samples to each of said data channels at a divided data rate, claimed R/N, samples per second (See column 2, lines 30-32 and column 7, lines 1-4).
- 13. Regarding claim 14, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 11, Genrich discloses a method of demodulating, wherein said step of partitioning said modulation signal into N data channels further comprises generating a clock signal having a divided rate, claimed R/N, said clock signal be coupled to and utilized in the step of processing the modulation signal (See figure 1, block 14 and figure 2, block 21).

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14. Regarding claim 15, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 11, Genrich discloses a method of demodulating, wherein said modulated signal is generated utilizing QPSK modulation (See column 2, lines 24-25).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 15. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 16. Claims 6-10 and 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US Patent No. 6,055,280 to Genrich and in further view of US Patent No. 6,069,928 to Gupta.
- 17. Regarding claim 6, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 1, Genrich discloses a demodulator, for high data rates (See column 3, lines 11-16). Genrich fails to disclose a data rate of 800 MHz. However it is well known in the art that satellite communication systems demodulators have high data rates. There is no criticality shown for choosing the limit "800 MHz", therefore no patentable weight is given.
- 18. Regarding claim 7, Genrich discloses a demodulator for use in a satellite communication system (See column 2, lines 1-5), said demodulator operative for receiving a modulated signal having a data rate R such that said demodulator receives R input samples per second, said modulated signal comprising retrievable data, said demodulator comprising: a demultiplexer circuit (See figure 1, block 14), said demultiplexer circuit receiving said R samples per second as an input signal and signal recovery circuitry for processing the input samples so as to regenerate said retrievable data (See figure 2). Genrich fails to disclose a demultiplexer circuit having N

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invention was made.

shift registers. However, Gupta discloses a demultiplexer circuit having N shift registers (See figures 1 and 3A, blocks 155 and 345 and column 3, lines 24-25). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the demultiplexer circuit having N shift registers of Gupta in the design of Genrich to aid in parallel processing the input data samples at the time the

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- 19. Regarding claim 8, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 7, Genrich discloses a demodulator, wherein said demultiplexer generates a clock signal having a divided rate, claimed R/N, said clock signal be coupled to and utilized to clock the signal recovery circuitry for processing the modulated signal (See figure 1, block 14 and figure 2, block 21).
- 20. Regarding claim 9, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 7, Genrich discloses a demodulator, wherein said modulated signal is generated utilizing QPSK modulation (See column 2, lines 24-25).
- 21. Regarding claim 10, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 7, Genrich discloses a demodulator, for high data rates (See column 3, lines 11-16). Genrich fails to disclose a data rate of 800 MHz. However it is well known in the art that satellite communication systems demodulators have high data rates. There is no criticality shown for choosing the limit "800 MHz", therefore no patentable weight is given.
- 22. Regarding claim 16, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 11, Genrich discloses a demodulator, for high data rates (See column 3, lines 11-16). Genrich fails to disclose a data rate of 800 MHz. However it is well known in the art that satellite communication systems demodulators have high data rates. There is no criticality shown for choosing the limit "800 MHz", therefore no patentable weight is given.

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23. Regarding claim 17, Genrich discloses a method of demodulating an incoming modulation signal for use in a satellite communication system (See column 2, lines 1-5), said incoming modulation signal having a data rate R such that R input samples per second are received, said modulation signal comprising retrievable data, said method comprising the steps of: demultiplexing the incoming modulation signal, said demultiplexing step comprising inputting said R input samples at a divided data rate, claimed R/N, samples per second (See column 2, lines 30-32 and column 7, lines 1-4); and processing the input samples utilizing signal recovery circuitry so as to regenerate said retrievable data (See figure 2). Genrich fails to explicitly disclose a method where demultiplexing the incoming modulation signal utilizes N shift registers. However, Gupta discloses a demultiplexing step where demultiplexing the incoming modulation signal utilizes N shift register, the step also comprising inputting said R input samples sequentially into said N shift registers such that each of said shift registers receives input samples at a data rate of R/N samples per second (See figures 1 and 3A, blocks 155 and 345 and column 3, lines 24-25). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use the demultiplexing method utilizing N shift registers of Gupta with the method of Genrich to

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24. Regarding claim 18, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 17, Genrich discloses a method of demodulating, wherein said demultiplexing step comprises generating a clock signal having a divided rate, claimed R/N, said clock signal being coupled to and utilized by said signal recovery circuitry (See figure 1, block 14 and figure 2, block 21).

aid in parallel processing the input data samples at the time the invention was made.

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25. Regarding claim 19, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 17, Genrich discloses a

method of demodulating, wherein said modulated signal is generated utilizing QPSK modulation

(See column 2, lines 24-25).

26. Regarding claim 20, which inherits all of the limitations of claim 17, Genrich discloses a

demodulator, for high data rates (See column 3, lines 11-16). Genrich fails to disclose a data rate

of 800 MHz. However it is well known in the art that satellite communication systems

demodulators have high data rates. There is no criticality shown for choosing the limit "800"

MHz", therefore no patentable weight is given.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Krista M. Flanagan whose telephone number is (571) 272-2203.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 8 - 4:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Robert J. Pascal can be reached on (571) 272-1769. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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K. Flanagan/20050928

Bohey Pascal

Supervisory Patent Examine?

Technology Center 2800